

Audit & Risk Committee Charter

Viva Leisure Limited

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1. Standing

The Audit & Risk Committee (**Committee**) is a committee of the board of directors (**Board**) of Viva Leisure Limited ACN 607 079 792 (**Company**).

The Committee will also undertake the role of the audit and risk committee for the board of each subsidiary of the Company (**Subsidiary**) where required. In making decisions in relation to a Subsidiary, the Committee is acting as a committee of the board of that Subsidiary.

2. Membership

- (a) It is intended that the Committee consist of:
 - (i) a majority of non-executive Directors;
 - (ii) one, or a minority of external member(s), who is/are not a Director(s) of the Company;
 - (iii) a majority of independent Directors of the Company;
 - (iv) an independent Chair, who is not chair of the Board; and
 - (v) a minimum of 3 members.
- (b) It is intended that members of the Committee between them should have the accounting and financial expertise, and a sufficient understanding of the industry in which the Company operates, to be able to discharge the Committee's responsibilities effectively.
- (c) The Board may appoint additional Directors or external members to the Committee, or remove or replace members of the Committee by resolution. Members may withdraw from membership by written notification to the Board.
- (d) Non-Committee members may attend all or part of a meeting at the invitation of the Committee Chair.
- (e) The Company Secretary, or his or her delegate, must attend all Committee meetings as minute secretary.

3. Role & responsibilities

3.1 Overview

The Committee's key responsibilities and functions are to:

- (a) oversee the Company's relationship with the external auditor and the external audit function generally;
- (b) oversee the Company's relationship with the internal auditor and the internal audit function generally;
- (c) oversee the preparation of the financial statements and report;
- (d) oversee the Company's financial controls and systems; and
- (e) manage the process of identification of risk and the management of risk strategies.

3.2 Audit

- (a) The Committee's primary roles with respect of the audit function are:
 - (i) to assist the Board in relation to the reporting of financial information;
 - (ii) the appropriate application and amendment of accounting policies;
 - (iii) make recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment, independence and remuneration of the external auditor; and
 - (iv) to provide a link between the external auditors, the Board and management of the Company.

- (b) The following are intended to form part of the normal procedure for the Committee's risk and compliance responsibilities:
 - (i) review the Company's financial reporting and disclosure processes and make recommendations to the Board in relation to the adequacy of those processes;
 - (ii) review the Company's financial statements for accuracy, for adherence to accounting standards and policies, and to ensure they reflect the understanding of the Committee members of, and otherwise a true and fair view of, the financial position and performance of the Company, as a basis for recommendation to and adoption by the Board;
 - (iii) receive and review reports of the external audit of the Company's financial statements;
 - (iv) review and make recommendations to the Board in relation to the appropriateness of the accounting policies, judgements and choices adopted by management in preparing the Company's financial reports;
 - (v) establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters, and procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns by employees regarding accounting and auditing matters;
 - (vi) ensure that procedures are in place designed to verify the existence and effectiveness of accounting and financial systems and other systems of internal control which relate to financial risk management;
 - (vii) review and make recommendations to the Board in relation to the scope and adequacy of the external audit for Board approval;
 - (viii) review the effectiveness of the annual audit, placing emphasis on areas where the Committee or the external auditors believe special attention is necessary;
 - (ix) review the scope, results and effectiveness of the internal audit programs and the performance and objectivity of the internal audit function (if applicable), including whether the internal auditors are adequately resourced and coordinated with the external auditor. Monitor the independence of the internal audit programs (if any) from the external auditors and management. Review the outcomes and approve the internal audit program (if any);
 - (x) review and approve the appointment and dismissal of the senior internal audit executive (if relevant);

- (xi) review the performance, independence and objectivity of the external auditors;
- (xii) review the procedures for selection and appointment of the external auditors and for the rotation of external audit engagement partners;
- (xiii) make recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment (including the termination of an engagement), compensation, the terms of engagement and other contractual terms of the external auditors;
- (xiv) develop and oversee the implementation of the Company's policy on the engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit services and ensure compliance with that policy; and
- (xv) provide advice to the Board as to whether the Committee is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence, and an explanation as to why those non-audit services do not compromise audit independence, in order for the Board to be in a position to make the statements required by the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) to be included in the Company's annual statement.

3.3 Risk & Compliance

- (a) The Committee's specific function with respect to risk management is to review and report to the Board that:
 - (i) the Committee has, at least annually, reviewed the Company's risk management framework to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and effectively identifies all areas of potential risk;
 - (ii) adequate policies and procedures have been designed and implemented to manage identified risks;
 - (iii) a regular program of audits is undertaken to test the adequacy of and compliance with prescribed policies; and
 - (iv) proper remedial action is undertaken to redress areas of weakness.
- (b) The following are intended to form part of the normal procedure for the Committee's audit responsibility:
 - (i) evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the management reporting and control systems used to monitor adherence to policies and guidelines and limits approved by the Board for management of balance sheet risks;
 - (ii) evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's financial and operational risk management controls systems by reviewing risk registers and reports from management and external auditors;
 - (iii) evaluating the structure and adequacy of the Group's Business Continuity Plans;
 - (iv) evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's identification and management of economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and its disclosure of any material exposures to those risks;
 - (v) evaluating and making recommendations to the Board in relation to the structure and adequacy of the Group's own insurances on an annual basis;
 - (vi) reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the strategic direction, objectives and effectiveness of the Group's financial and operational risk management policies and the risk appetite that is appropriate for the Company;

- (vii) reviewing and making recommendations to the Board in relation to the risk disclosures in the Company's operating and financial review in its annual report;
- (viii) overseeing the establishment and maintenance of processes so that there is:
 - (A) an adequate system of internal control, management of business risks and safeguard of assets; and
 - (B) a review of internal control systems and the operational effectiveness of the policies and procedures related to risk and control;
- (ix) evaluating the Group's exposure to fraud and overseeing investigations of allegations of fraud or malfeasance and making recommendations to the Board in relation to any incident involving fraud or other break down of the entity's internal controls;
- (x) review the Group's main corporate governance practices for completeness and accuracy;
- (xi) review the procedures the Company has in place so that there is compliance with laws and regulations (particularly those which have a major potential impact on the Company in areas such as trade practices and the environment);
- (xii) reviewing the procedures in place so that there is compliance with insider trading laws, continuous disclosure requirements and other best practice corporate governance processes (including requirements under the ASX Listing Rules, the Corporations Act and AASB requirements);
- (xiii) advising the Board on the appropriateness of significant policies and procedures relating to financial processes and disclosures and reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's internal framework;
- (xiv) reviewing the Company's policies and culture with respect to the establishment and observance of appropriate ethical standards; and
- (xv) reviewing and discussing with management and the internal and external auditors (if any) the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's legal, regulatory and ethical compliance programs.

4. Relationship with external auditor

The Committee provides a link between the external auditor and the relevant board and has the responsibility and authority for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and to review the terms of its engagement.

The Committee is responsible for overseeing the Company's external audit policy, a copy of which is attached as Annexure 2.

5. Relationship with internal auditor (if applicable)

The Committee provides a link between the internal audit function and the Board. The internal auditor has a direct reporting line to the Committee and, therefore, to the Board.

6. Rights of access and authority

The Committee has rights of access to employees, management, regulatory authorities and auditors (internal and external) without management present, and the right to seek explanations and additional information from employees, management, regulatory authorities and auditors.

Whilst the internal audit function report to senior management, it is acknowledged that the internal auditor also reports directly to the Committee.

The Committee, if necessary, instigates special investigations and, if appropriate, hires appropriate personnel to assist in providing any information it sees as relevant to the execution of its activities.

7. Review

The Board will, at least once each year, review the performance, membership and charter of the Committee to determine its adequacy for the Company's current circumstances, and the Committee may make recommendations to the Board in relation to the Committee's membership, responsibilities, functions or otherwise.

8. Administrative matters

The proceedings of the Committee will be conducted in accordance with the provisions set out in Annexure 1.

Annexure 1 – Administrative matters and procedure

1. Meetings

The Committee will meet as often as the Committee members deem necessary in order to fulfil their role. However, it is intended that the Committee will normally meet quarterly.

2. Quorum

The quorum is at least 2 members present, either in person or by using technology. If there is more than 1 external member appointed to the Committee at any one time, a quorum must include at least one non-executive Director.

3. Convening and notice of meeting

Any member may, and the Company Secretary must upon request from any member, convene a meeting of the Committee.

Notice will be given to every member of the Committee, of every meeting of the Committee. However, there is no minimum notice period and acknowledgement of receipt of notice by all members is not required before the meeting may be validly held.

The Company Secretary will distribute in advance of the meeting of the Committee the agenda and related papers to each of the Committee members or any other persons determined by the Committee.

4. Voting at meetings

The Committee should pursue collective decision-making and seek consensus where possible. The Committee Chair should test consensus and, if a unanimous view cannot be reached, decisions will be based on a majority view.

Each Committee member will have one vote. If any equal number of votes is cast for and against a resolution, the Committee Chair does not have a casting vote in addition to their vote as a Committee member and the resolution is not passed.

5. Independent advice

The Committee may seek the advice of the auditors, solicitors or other independent advisors, consultants or specialists as to any matter pertaining to the powers or duties of the Committee or the responsibilities of the Committee.

6. Minutes

Minutes of the meetings of the Committee must be kept by the Company Secretary and, after approval by the Committee chair, be presented at the next relevant Board meeting.

All minutes of the Committee must be entered in a minute book maintained for the purpose and will be open at all times for inspection by any Director.

7. Reporting

It is intended that the Committee Chair will prepare a report of the actions of the Committee to be included in the Board papers for the Board meeting next following a meeting of the Company. The report may include provision of meeting agendas, papers and minutes of the Committee.

The Committee Chair will also, if requested, provide a brief oral report as to any material matters arising out of the Committee meeting. All Directors will be permitted, within the Board meeting, to request information of the Committee Chair or members of the Committee.

Annexure 2 – External Audit Policy

1. Appointment

The Audit & Risk Committee (**Committee**) has the responsibility and authority (subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) requirements) for the appointment, reappointment or replacement and remuneration of the external auditor, as well as evaluating its effectiveness and independence.

The Committee will review the appointment of the external auditor annually based on its assessment of the auditor's performance.

2. Assessment of External Auditor

The Committee will review the performance of the external auditor on an annual basis after completion of the year end audit.

In evaluating the effectiveness of the external audit, the Committee will use various criteria, including:

- the overall comprehensiveness of the external audit plan;
- the timeliness and quality of communications promised under the plan and delivered during the audit;
- the competency and industry knowledge of external audit staff; and
- the adequacy of resources to achieve the scope as outlined in the plan.

The Committee will seek feedback from management during the assessment process.

3. Independence

The Committee will review and assess the independence of the external auditor, including but not limited to any relationships with the Company, a Subsidiary or any other entity that may impair or appear to impair the external auditor's judgement or independence in respect of the Company (or Subsidiary, as applicable). The review and assessment will be carried out annually at the time the external auditor presents its annual audit plan.

Prior to this review, the Committee will request a report from the external auditor which sets out all relationships that may affect its independence, including the provision of non-audit services, financial relationships, employment and other relationships and any other matters that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on the external auditor's independence. The report should outline any safeguards that the external auditor has in place to reduce any threat to independence to an acceptable level.

Before the Board approves the half year and full year accounts, the external auditor will be asked to provide a declaration testifying to its independence in respect of the financial period in question. The external auditor will have a continuing obligation to notify the Committee, via the CFO, of any new information it believes may be material to reviewing its independence. The Committee has responsibility to develop and oversee the implementation of the policy on the engagement of the external auditor to supply non-audit services and to ensure compliance with that policy.

4. Rotation of External Audit Engagement Partner

The external audit engagement partner is generally required to rotate at least once every 5 years. If appropriate, the relevant board may, following recommendations from the Committee, extend the eligibility term of the audit engagement partner in accordance with the Corporations Act.